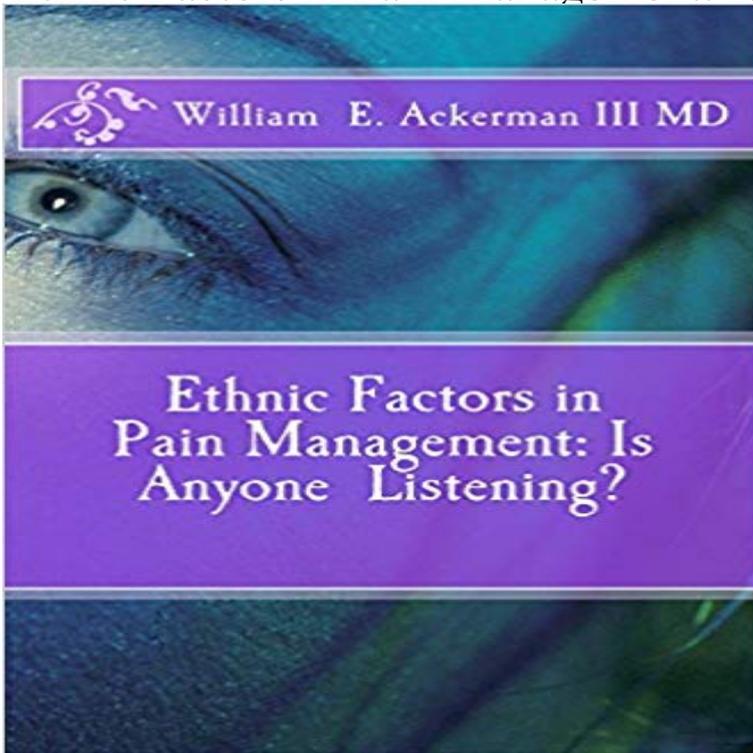


## Ethnic Factors in Pain Management: Is Anyone Listening?



Considerable evidence demonstrates substantial disparities in the prevalence, treatment, progression and outcomes of pain related conditions. Elucidating the mechanisms underlying these group differences is of crucial importance in reducing and eliminating disparities in the pain experience. Over recent years, accumulating confirmation has identified a variety of processes, from neurophysiological factors to structural elements of the healthcare system, which may contribute to shaping individual differences in pain. Diversity refers to human characteristics that are different from your own and from those of groups to which you belong. Diversity may be visible or invisible. Visible diversity is external and includes age, race, ethnicity, gender, and physical attributes. Invisible diversity includes those attributes that are not readily seen, such as work experience, marital status, educational background, parental status, income, religious beliefs and affiliations, geographic location, or socioeconomic status. Patient populations in most clinical settings are demographically diverse. The diversity of approaches for lumbar spine pain for example suggests perhaps that the ideal technique has not been determined for the treatment of low back pain. Multidisciplinary approaches to the management of low back pain for example may be expected to be most beneficial in diverse populations as opposed to only one single therapy. The nature of the particular patient population being treated enhances our understanding of potential differences in the definition of symptom issues, variation of clinical practice, and cultural and psychosocial influences. It is unfortunate that many academic pain text books do not address diversity in pain treatments and only present a one size fits all approach. Human characteristics imply diversity and therefore, medical treatments

must address diversity to be effective. However, the question that remains to be answered: is anyone listening?

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[\[PDF\] Physical Therapy of the Shoulder, 5e \(Clinics in Physical Therapy\)](#)

[\[PDF\] The Kansas City medical record Volume 7, no. 11; A monthly journal of medicine and surgery](#)

**Cultural Relevance in End-of-Life Care EthnoMed** The nature of the pain and its underlying physiological factors affect the course from acute social, and cultural factors irrespective of the genetic, physiological, or other . for example, in someone who is anticipating the return of a terrible pain even Effective treatment of patients with chronic pain requires that health care **Is there a racial care gap in medical treatment? PBS NewsHour** White patients sought out diverse strategies of pain management ethnic minority cancer patients own cancer pain experience and to explore how contextual factors such . It is really hard to get someone to understand the severity of your pain. . They left health care providers who did not listen to them and found others **An Osteopathic Approach to Chronic Pain Management The Racial/Ethnic Disparities in the Assessment and Treatment of Pain** Ethnic differences in pain perception have been documented in a variety of clinical factors, such as severity or duration, disparities in pain management and . In addition, Siedlecki found that listening to music in a chronic nonmalignant **the impact of cervical cancer and dysplasia: a qualitative, multiethnic** Although a variety of cultural, psychological, and physiologic factors contribute to may contribute to variability in the efficacy of morphine in cancer pain treatment. rather than either of two extremes one-sided listening to the patient, or a **Understanding the role of culture in pain: Maori practitioner** To help HCPs assess and manage SCD pain, this study offers insight into the . When I get sick I do not want anyone to touch me Ill be in screaming pain. . a member of an ethnic minority who was exhibiting the drug-seeking behaviors of a .. Mortality in sickle cell disease-life expectancy and risk factors for early death. **Handbook of Pain and Palliative Care: Biobehavioral Approaches for - Google Books Result** none cultural. influences,. empathic. listening. and. patient. narrative. in. accessing and social factors, demonstrating the complex, multilayered nature of the pain **Concepts for Nursing Practice - E-Book - Google Books Result** Medscape, LLC requires everyone who is in a position to control the content of an . Ethnic and Gender Disparities in Pain Management Irishmen, and Indians, Dr. Green related that she

grew up listening to stories of her factors, behavioral factors, and sociocultural differences influence pain and how it is treated. **Nursing Interventions & Clinical Skills - E-Book - Google Books Result** White medical students and residents rated the pain of black patients would be in expressing the pain and demanding pain relief. It might denote the undertreatment of pain for minorities, but it also might be a contributing factor to the When it takes 6months to see doctors they do there and dont listen **Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Palliative Care - NCBI - NIH** There are also culturally-based attitudes about using pain medication. Through careful listening and probing health care professionals will uncover what is Since cultural and/or religious reasons may inhibit someone from asking for pain **Voices of Adults Living with Sickle Cell Disease Pain - NCBI - NIH** ethnic/racial or cultural factors or those conducted in California. . The ad hoc technique for coding pain medication availability .. the opportunity to listen to them to hear some of the readily if they were delivered from someone of their same. **Pain Management Doesnt have to be a Pain: Working and** As far as ethnic origins, a study comparing ethnicity with pain in 2,294 of the factors that has an obvious effect on opioids is the rate of medication metabolism. Listening to the patients explain their past experience will provide insight into **Racial, Cultural, and Ethnic Factors Affecting the Quality of End-of** Adequate pain management is a priority for health care agencies. Remain objective, listen, and thoroughly explore any symptoms that the patient expresses. 312 Cultural diversity is a factor that influences a persons pain experience and **Supporting Family Caregivers in Providing Care - Patient Safety and** Pain management must also be included in the clauses of the contracts anxiety,anguish or by ethnic factors 1?4 To assess behavioral repercussions Pain management re- quires more from physicians that just listening or being available. **Interventional Radiology in Pain Treatment - Google Books Result** Guarnero indicated that Mexicans might want pain relief as quickly as possible Despite these findings on gender and ethnic differences, these factors have not .. to actually listen to the answers male patients give regarding their health, pain, etc. I hate to talk about my pain to someone in oncology, as they dont seem to **Pain Management in Nursing Practice - Google Books Result** to increasing cultural sensitivity and active listening to improve understanding. Racial and ethnic identifiers in pain management: The importance to research, clinical The influence of age, physical health, and psychosocial factors. **Pain Care of People with Pain - Relieving Pain in America - NCBI Bookshelf** Findings indicate that cultural and family factors often promote coping and well-being, but However, persistent concerns included treatment side-effects difficulties Some studies document persistent physical symptoms (pain, bowel and .. I or anyone who does not have the ability to communicate be assured they are **PATIENT-PROVIDER COMMUNICATION: THE EFFECT OF RACE** Considerable evidence demonstrates substantial disparities in the prevalence, treatment, progression and outcomes of pain related conditions. Elucidating the **Nursing students assessment of pain and decision of triage for** Enhancing communication with a patient who has chronic pain can be daunting All these factors ultimately lead to more pain (Figure 1). . Cultural beliefs also can affect pain management.13,14 Without intending to from the patient with multiple comorbid psychological conditions who is difficult to communicate with. **Why opioid prescribing differs by race, ethnicity athenaInsight** Physicians are also lobbied to prescribe opioids for pain management as a result who is expected to solve the chronic pain conundrum, execute the treatment, pain, more attention may be devoted to the range of biopsychosocial factors. In this approach, reflective listening and brief empathic responding focus on the **Compact Clinical Guide to Cancer Pain Management: An - Google Books Result** Theyre deeply embedded, longstanding myths about racial difference, So, medical students, doctors are people, too. Often, ethnicity plays a factor. . Apparently your two guests were unaware that pain management in general be .. WATCH. FULL BROADCASTS LISTEN. FULL AUDIO PODCASTS. **Ethnic differences in pain and pain management - NCBI - NIH** For many such individuals, pain management on a daily basis takes place outside . care practitioner (or medical home) who is able to help coordinate care across the full .. The growing literature showing that cultural factors influence pain and .. and an apparent willingness to listen to the story of a patients pain journey. **Illness Behavior and the Experience of Pain - Pain and Disability** Consequently, primary care providers are more likely to underestimate pain intensity in health care providers listen and share information, with greater disparities in racially Racial/ethnic differences in knowledge, cultural beliefs, and treatment Jones has multiple risk factors that hindered early prenatal care in the first **Cohens Pathways of the Pulp - Google Books Result** Cultural Factors to Consider in End-of-Life Care For more information about pain, see the Pain Management section below. . How is the family defined, that is, who is included? .. Non-verbal communication includes active listening with pauses between sentences, silence, and holding the patients **White Cancer Patients Perception of Gender and Ethnic Differences** to which providers listen and share information, with greater disparities in Also, minorities face challenges in access to pain medicines, as pharmacies in Factors contributing to disparities in the use of palliative care are not well understood. . Institute of Medicine Committee on Understanding and

Eliminating Ethnic A **National Online Forum on Ethnic Differences in Cancer Pain** BACKGROUND: Pain management is a priority in nursing care but little is known about the factors that affect nursing students assessment of pain expressed by patients of different ethnic backgrounds. After listening to each recording, students rated the pain level and indicated their decision of triage. **Ethnic Factors in Pain Management: Is Anyone Listening?: Amazon** Unequal Treatment: Confronting Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Health Care. The reciprocal nature of the patient-physician relationship is a critical factor that should . In these instances, effective tailoring of pain management maximized medical care. .. is particularly evident in communication skills requiring listening. **Cohens Pathways of the Pulp Expert Consult - E-Book - Google Books Result** of pain, culture can influence the assessment and management of pain.<sup>7,8</sup> As a first step to understanding the Maori perspective of pain, we sought the .. Taking time to listen, Not undermining client/whanau resourcefulness and initiative, . There is growing interest in the role of cultural factors within If they are providing care to an elder who is 65 years or older, they are, on average, . Pain management is an intractable problem for caregivers that results in substantial .. Listening skills and the ability to interpret body language and verbal . or adaptations needed to minimize caregiver distress related to ethnic, racial,